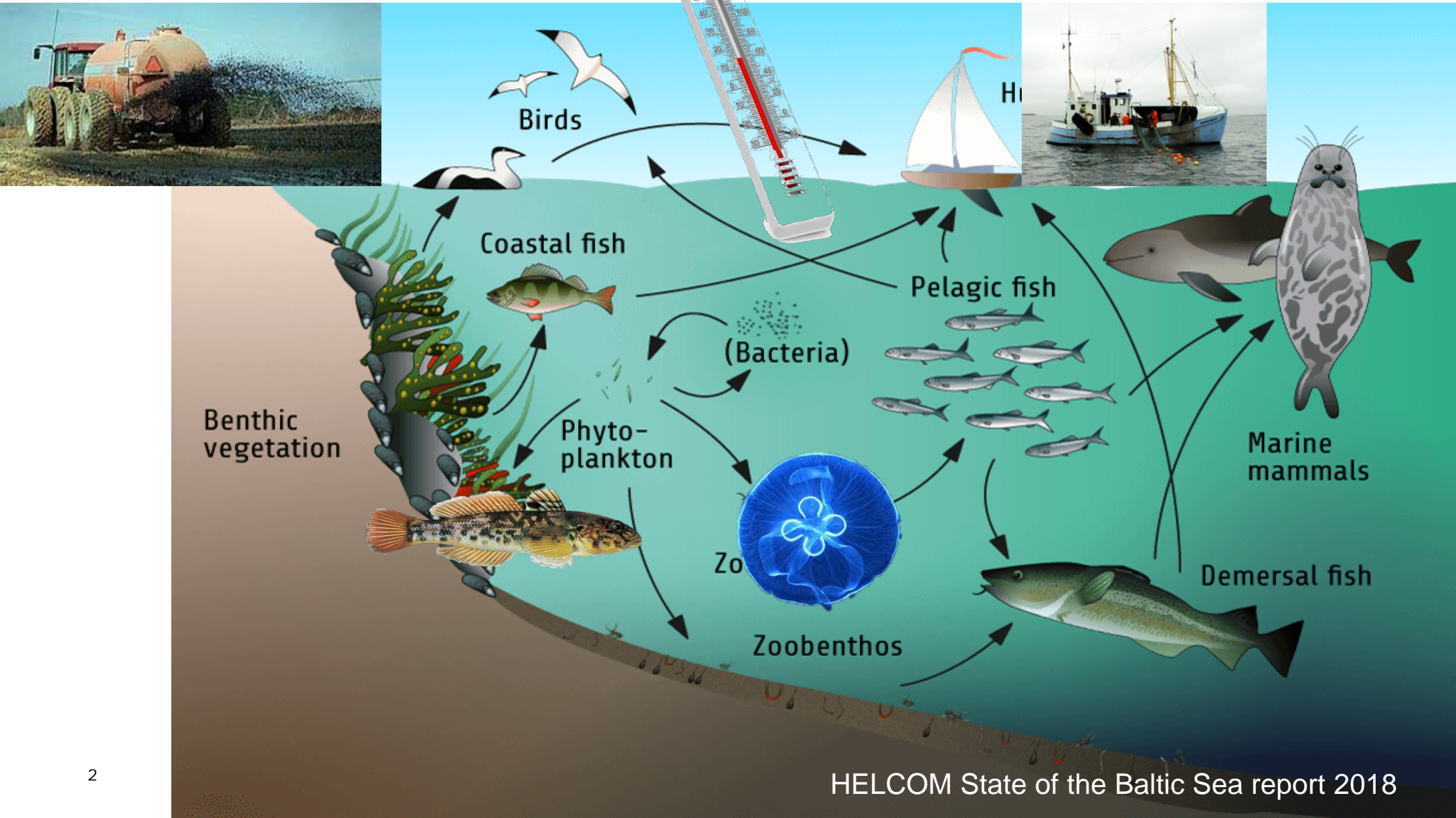


Impact of multiple drivers on fish stocks in the Baltic Sea

Margit Eero
DTU Aqua, Denmark



Fish stocks are influenced by multiple drivers



Fisheries effects:

coordinated data collection and regular investigations

Data collection



Fish stock assessments & management advice



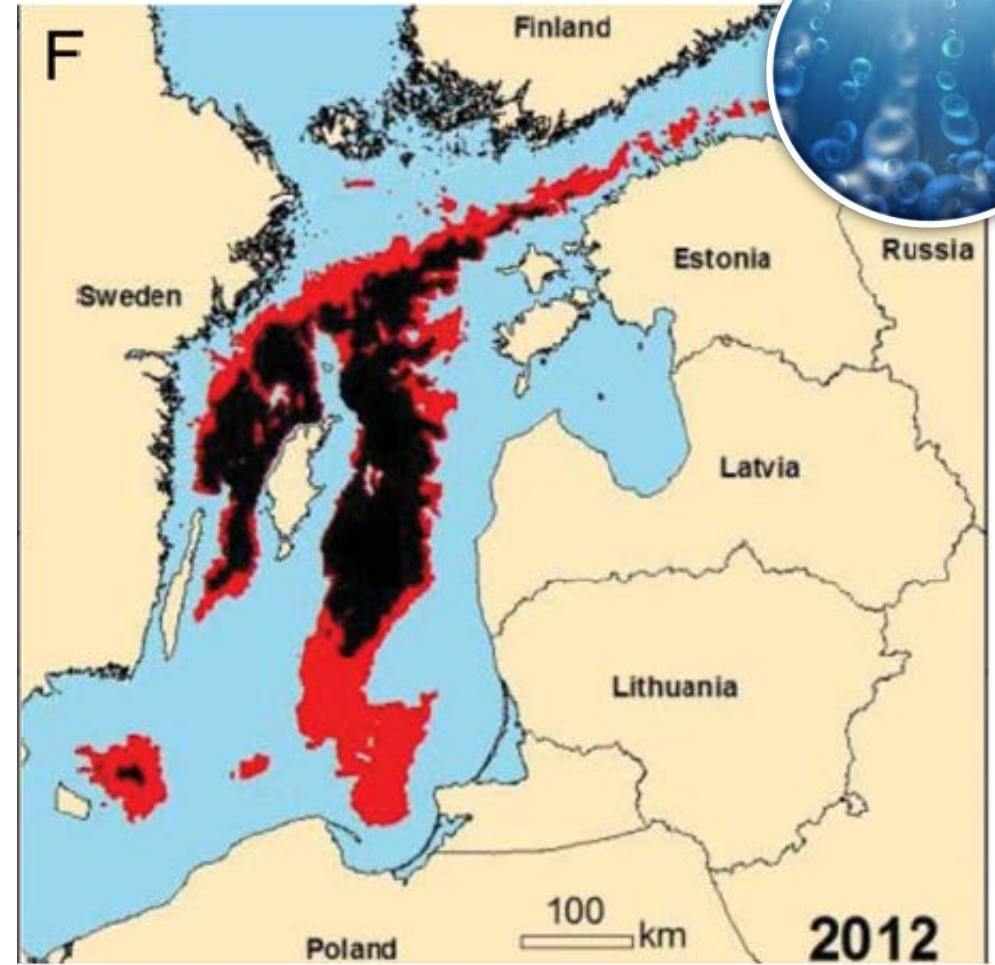
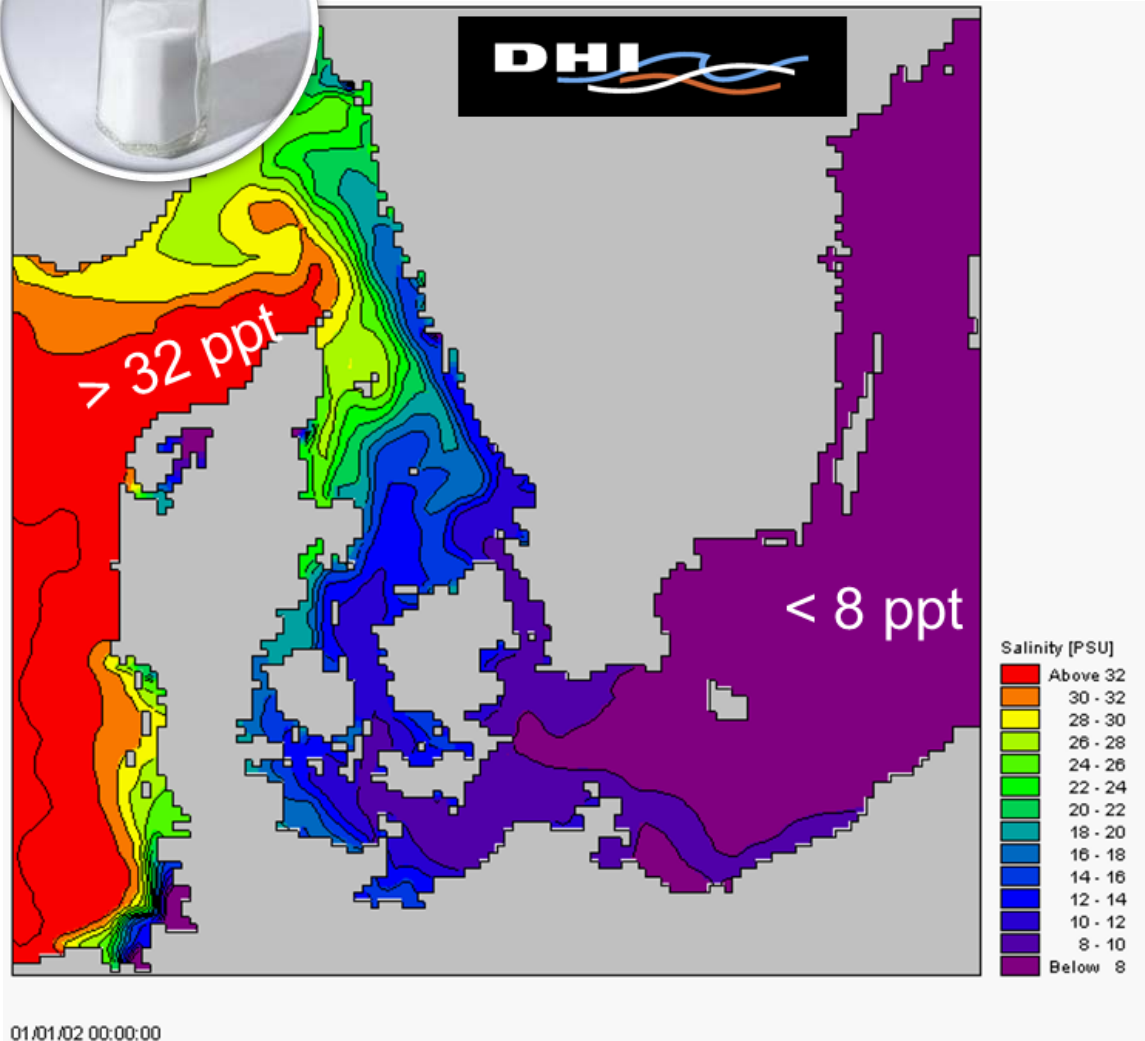
Fisheries regulations, quotas



Key question:

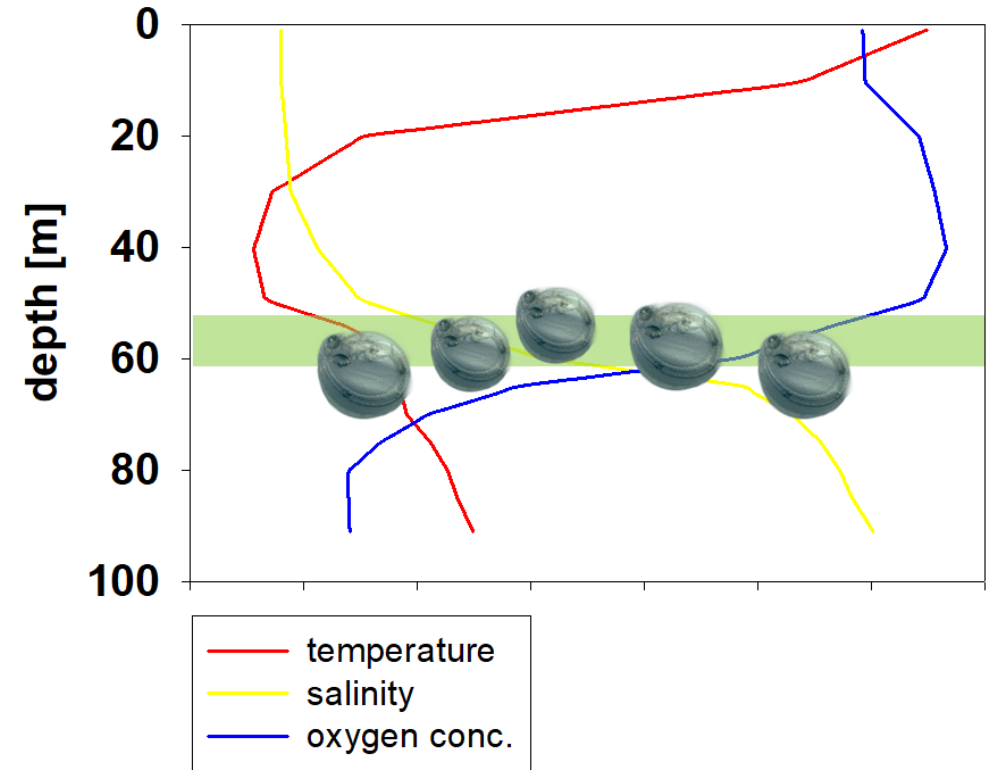
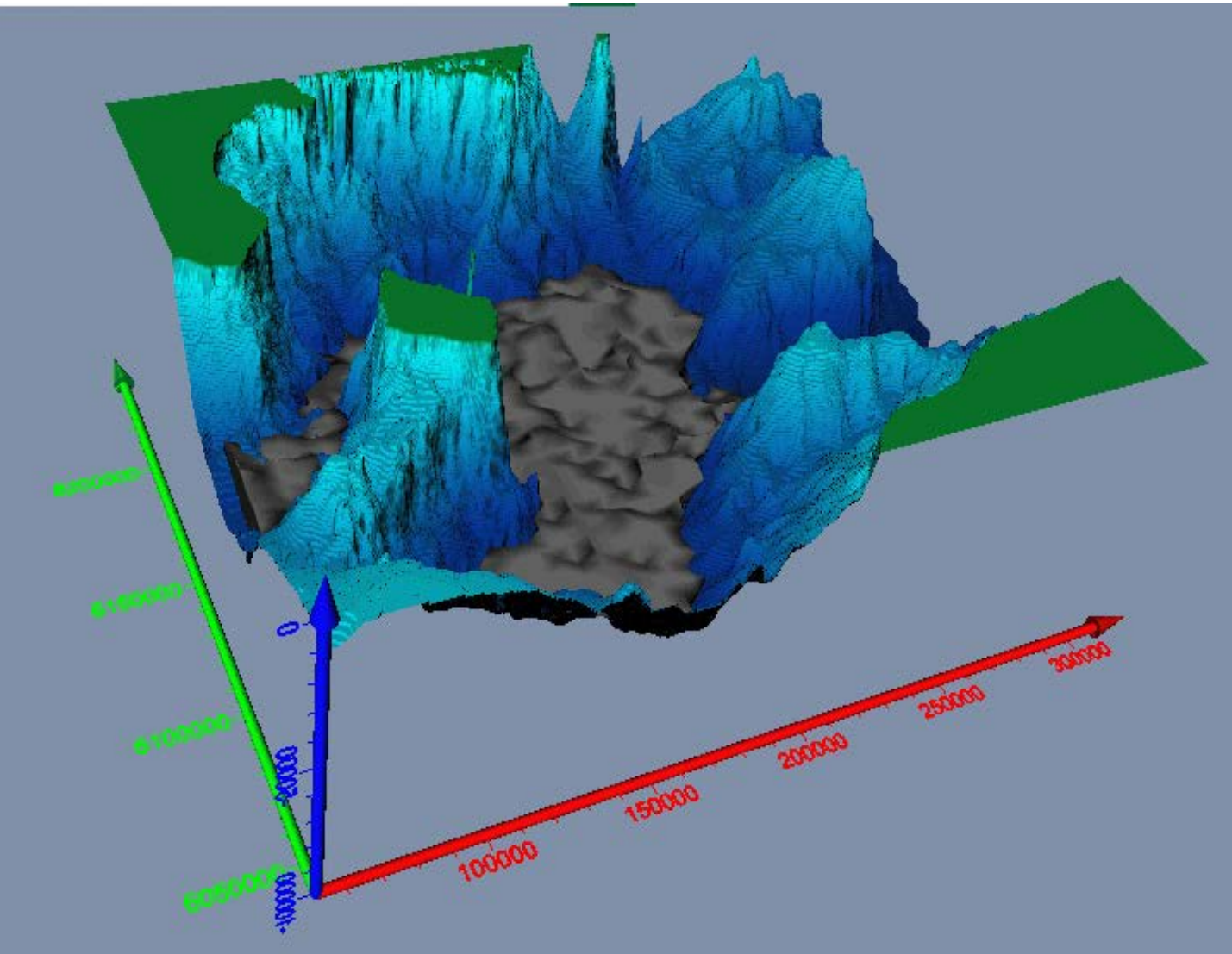
How much can be removed to achieve maximum sustainable long-term yields

Climate impacts: Salinity & Oxygen



Carstensen et al 2014

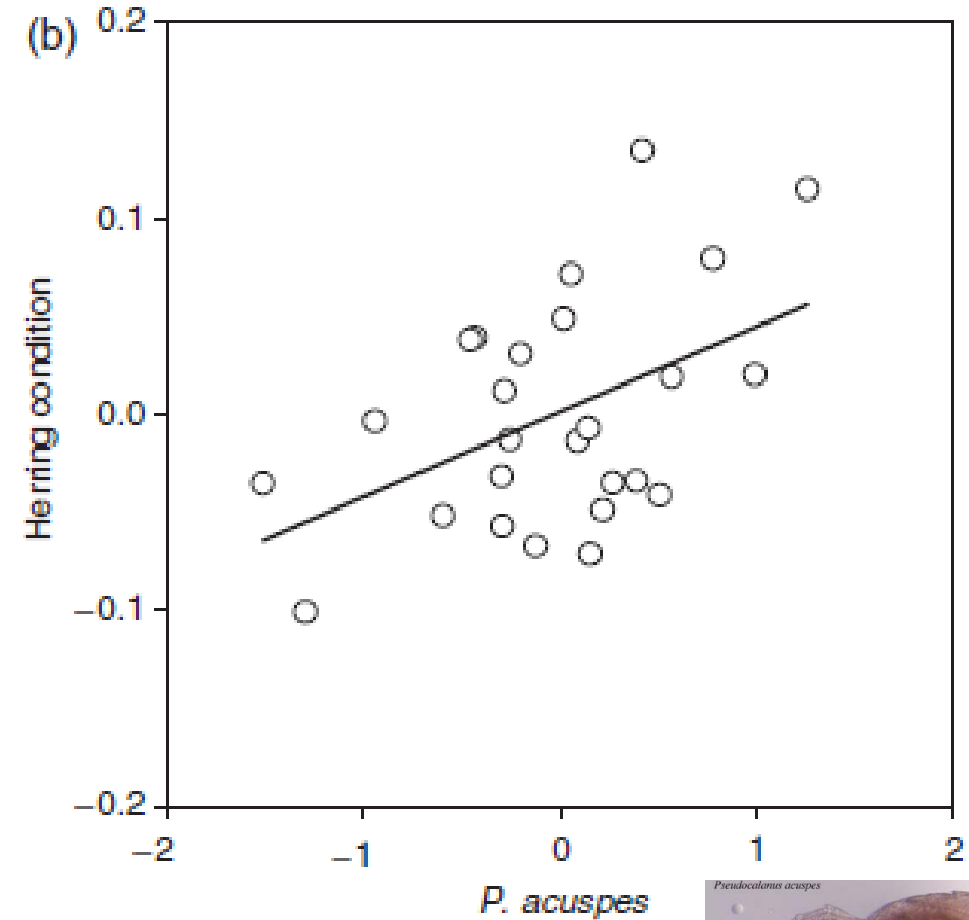
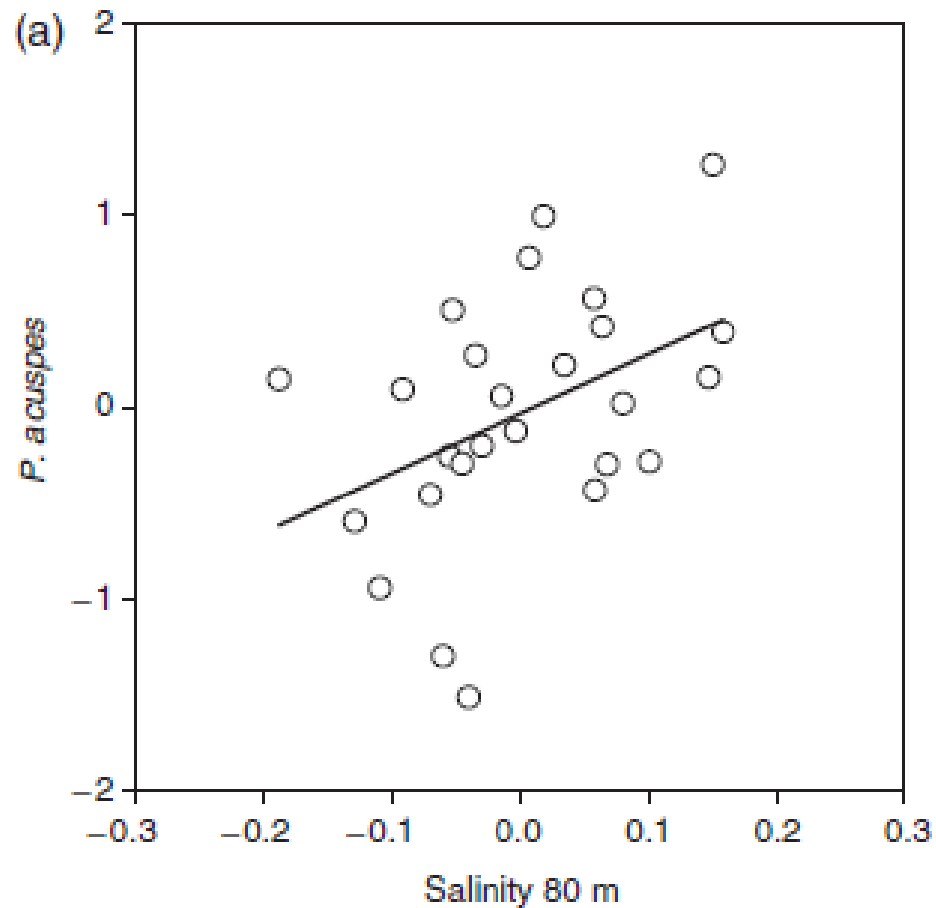
Cod reproductive volume – water layer with certain S, O₂ and T



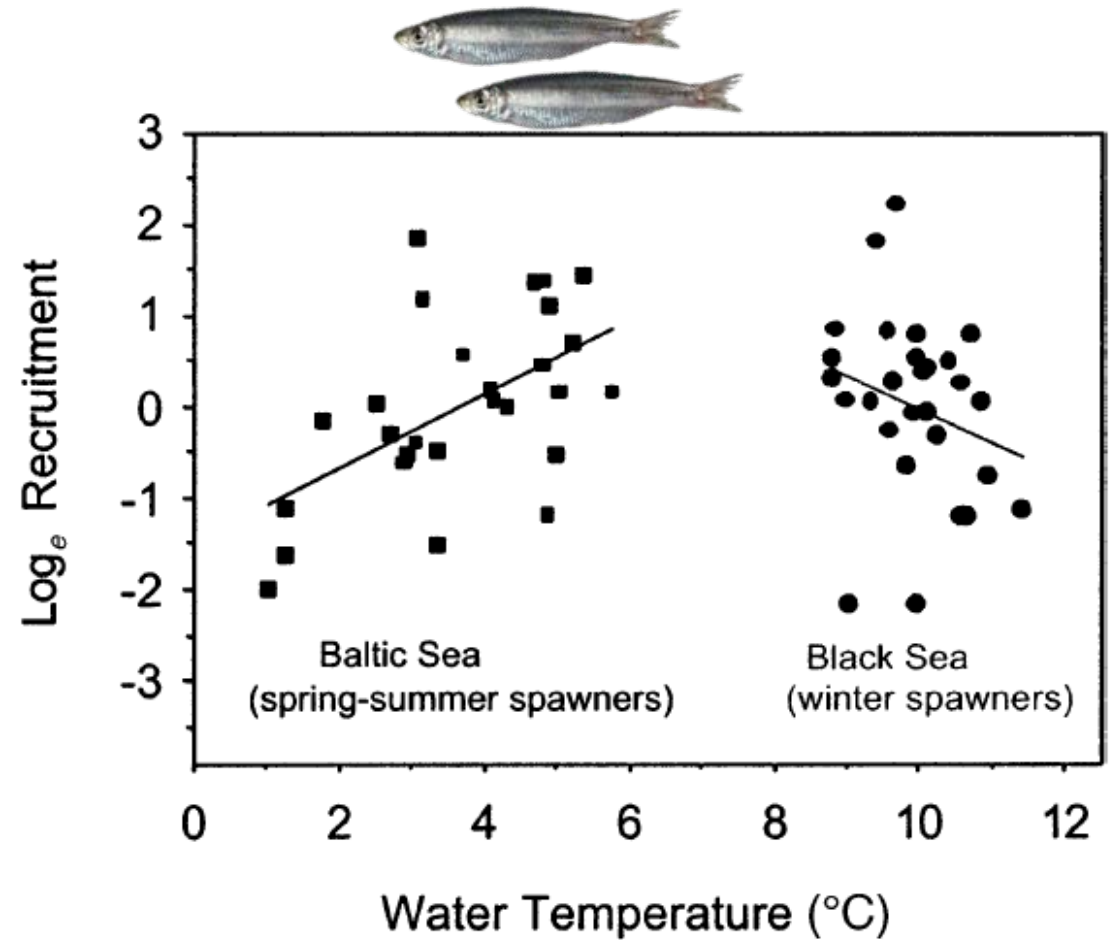
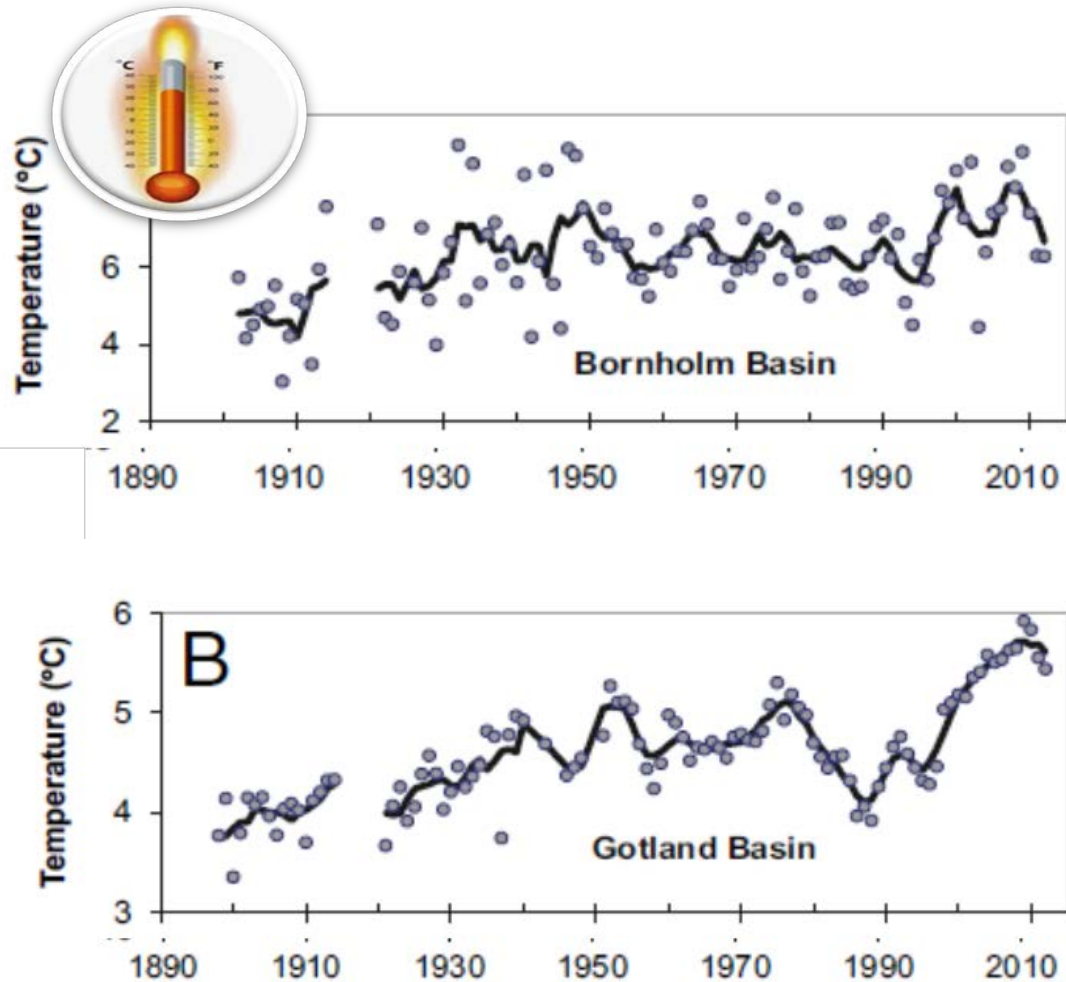
Reproduction volume:

- Salinity > 11 ‰
- Oxygen > 2 ml/l
- Temp > 2° C

Low salinity reduces favourite prey availability



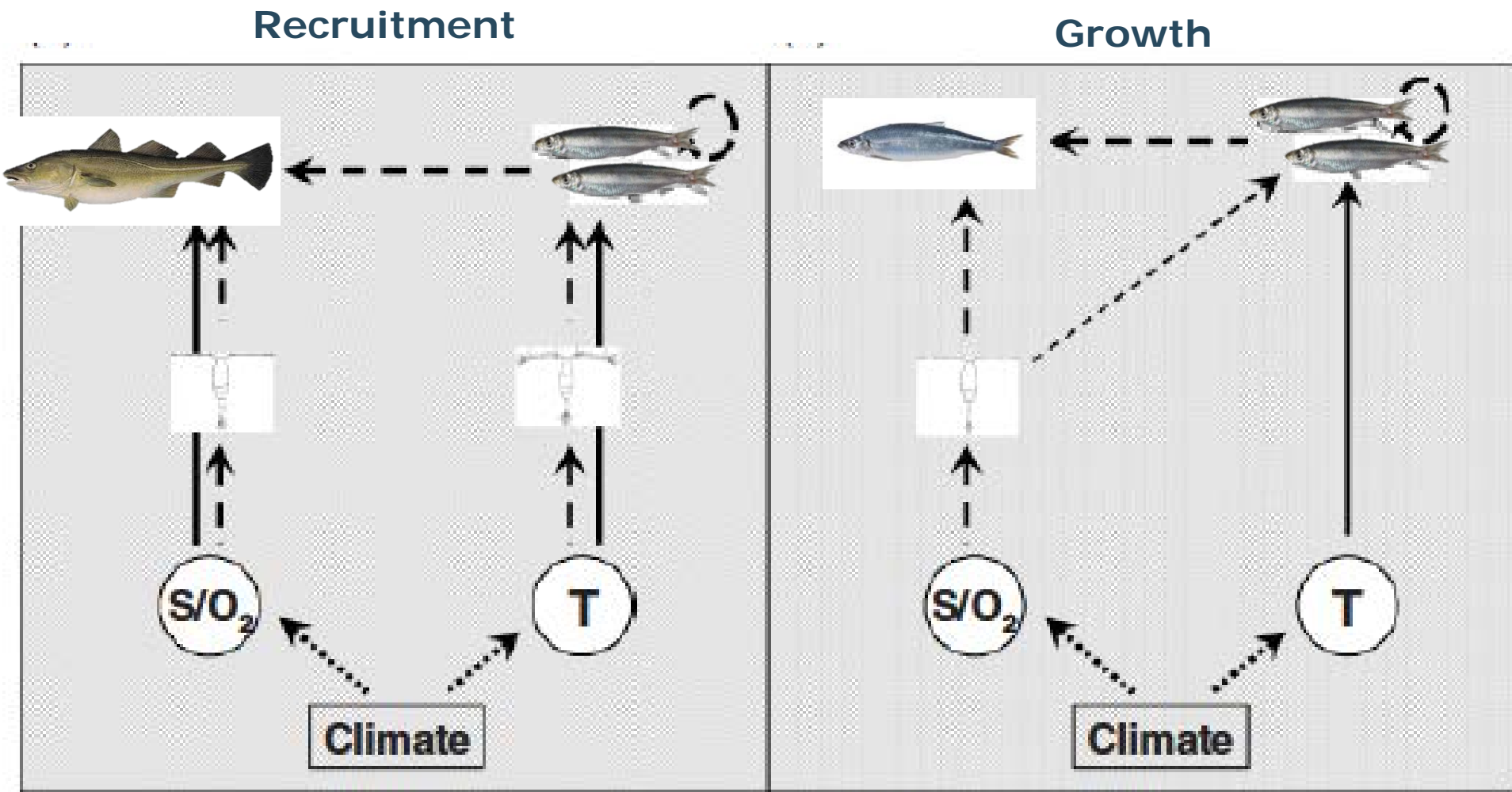
Climate impacts: Temperature



Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute; Carstensen et al. 2014

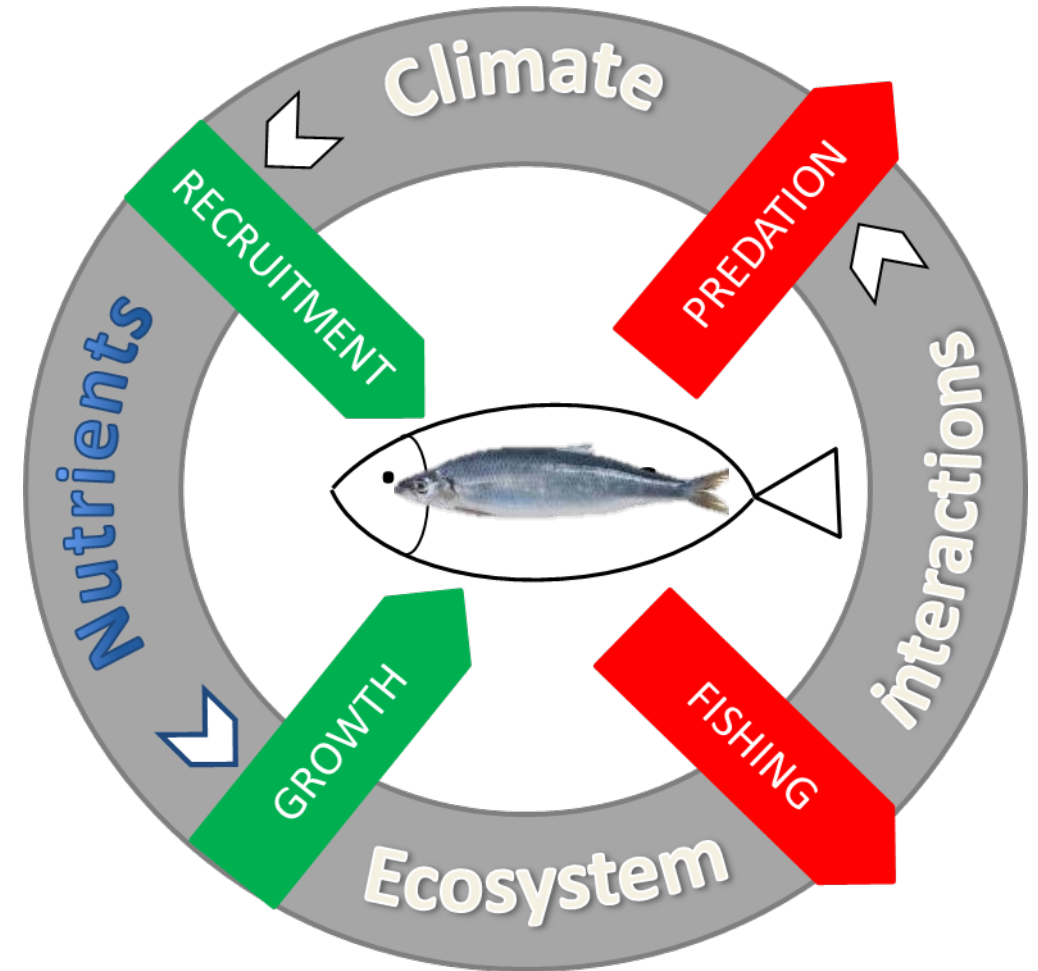
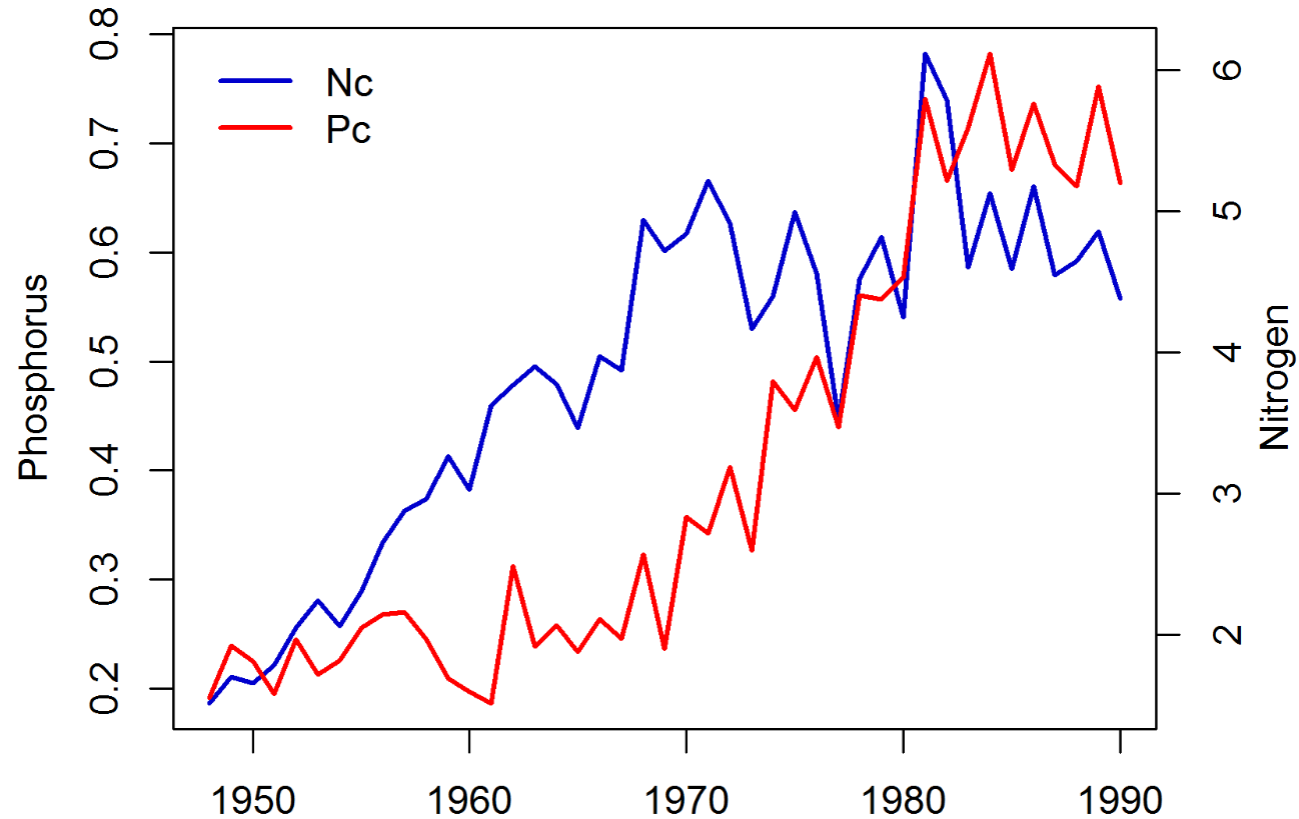
Mackenzie et al. 2007

Climate has large and complex impacts on fish in the Baltic Sea

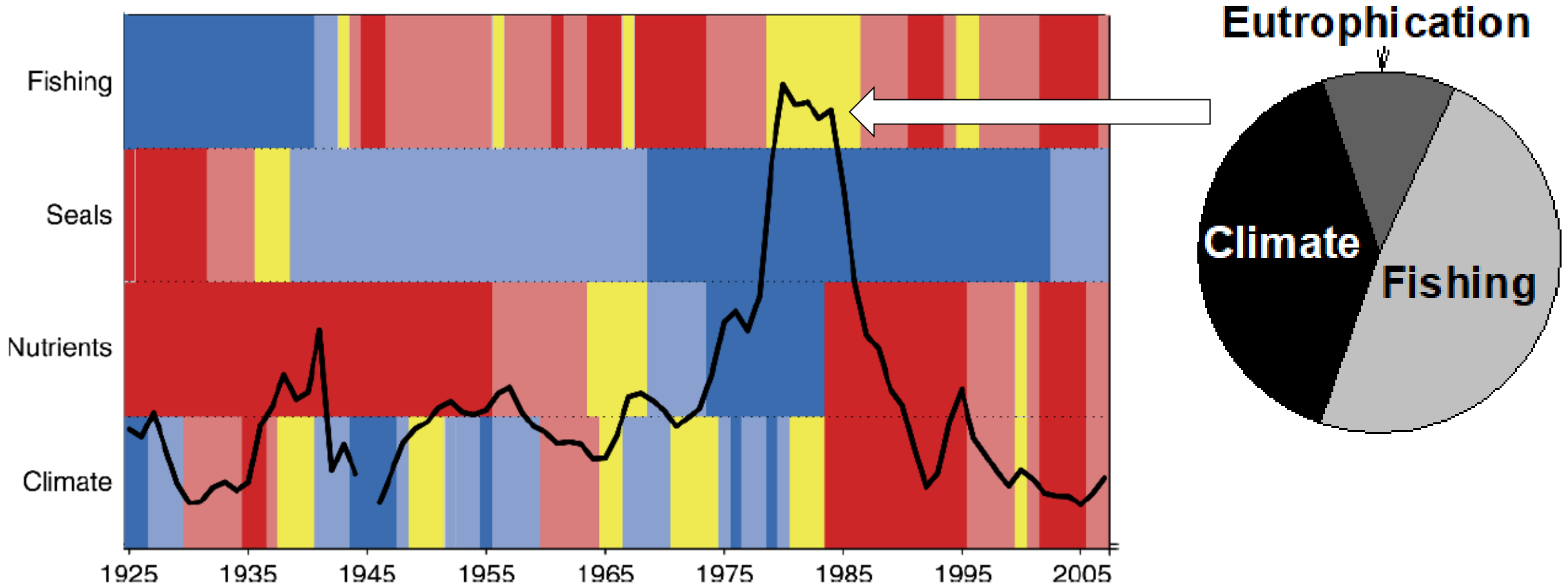


cod,
 sprat,
 herring,
 - *Pseudocalanus* sp.,
 - *Acartia* spp.

Historical impacts of nutrients increase on clupeids

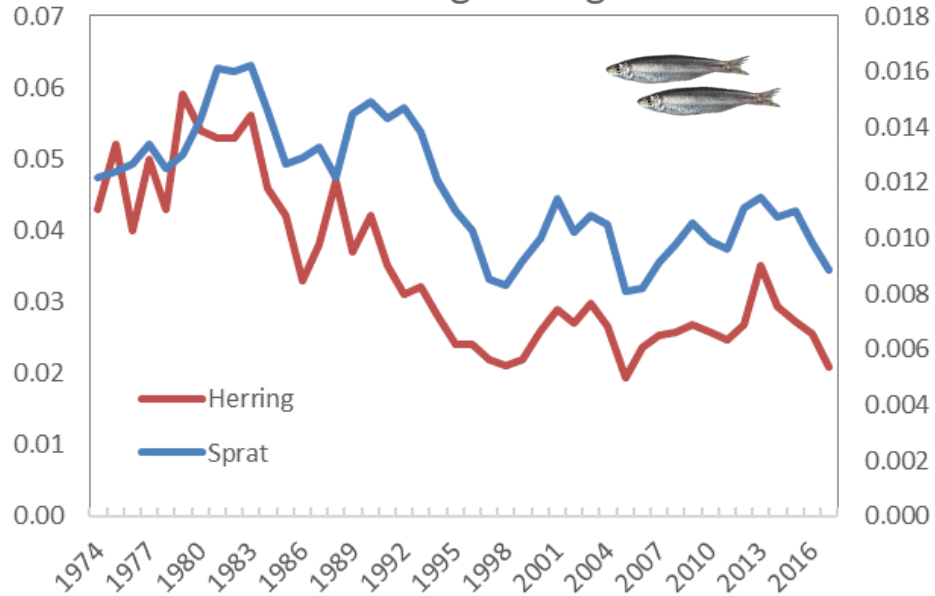


Historical impacts of nutrients increase on cod

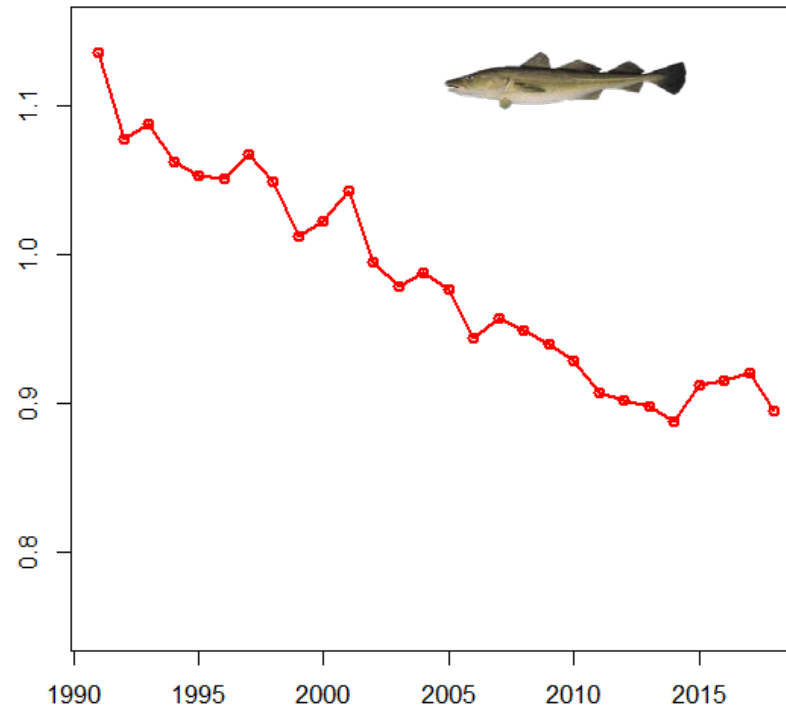


Baltic fish have become thinner

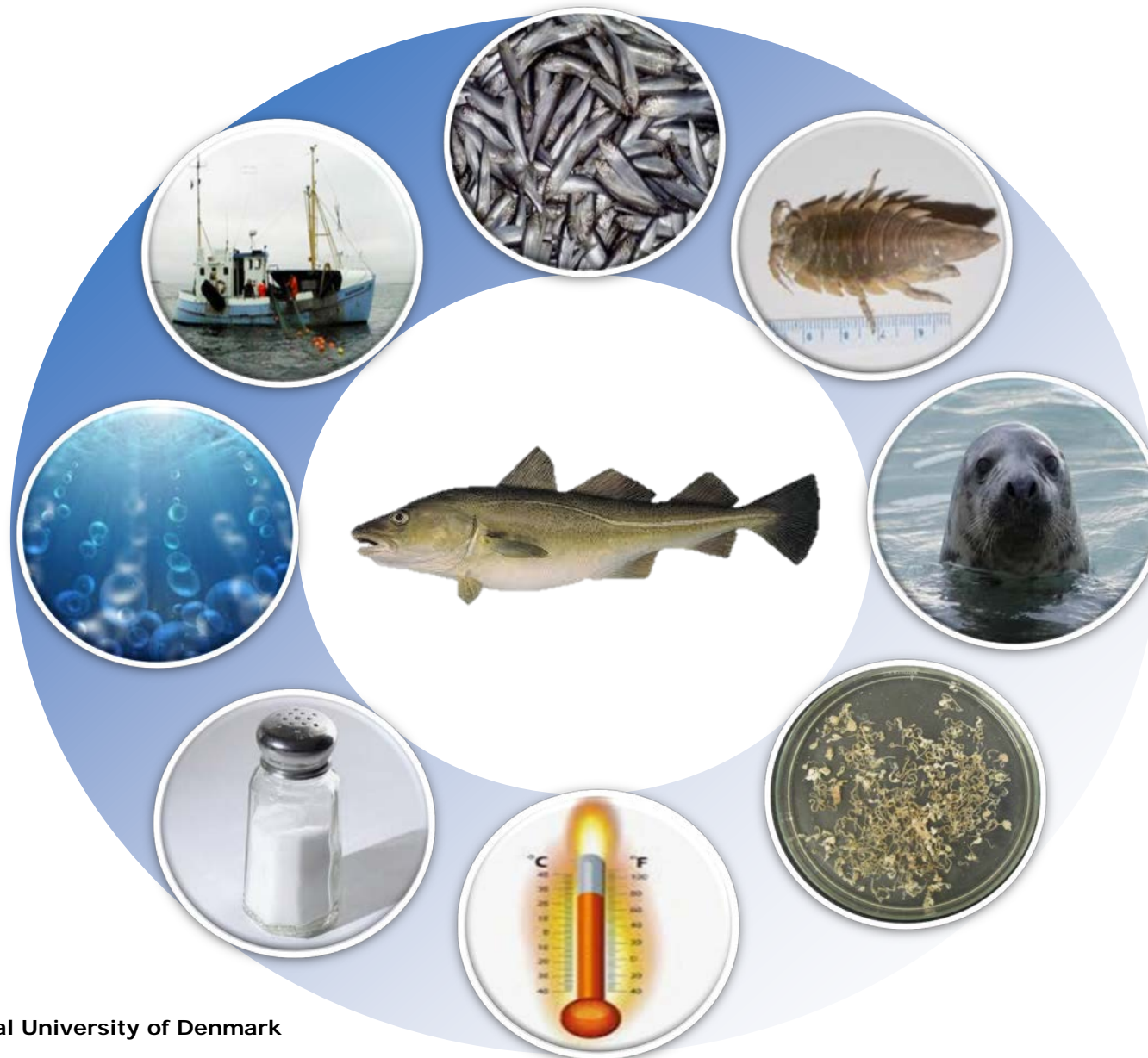
Mean weight at age 3



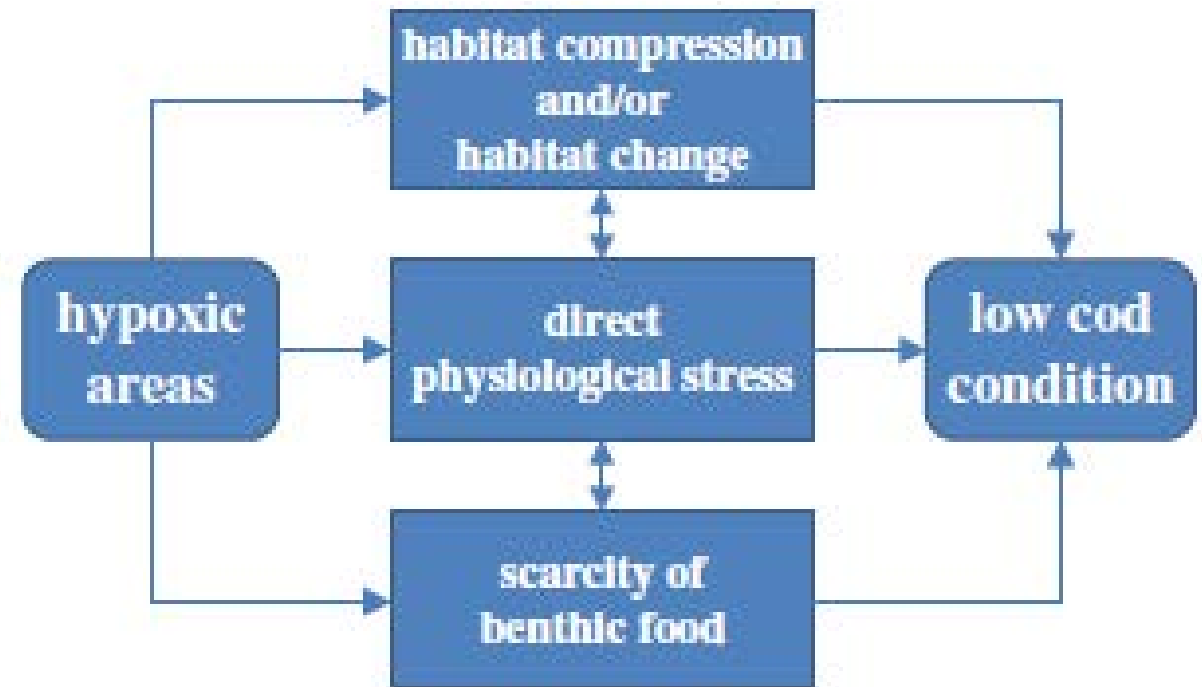
Nutritional condition



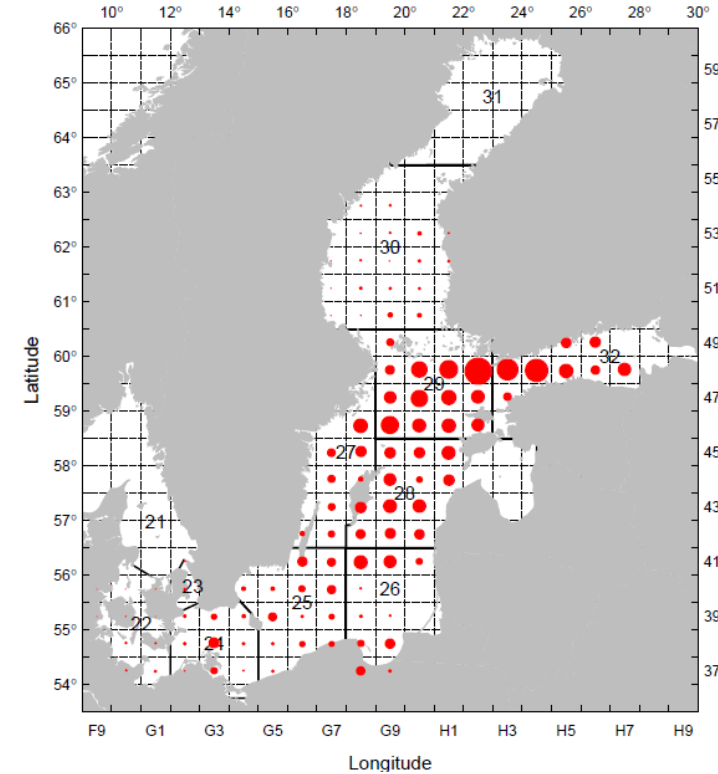
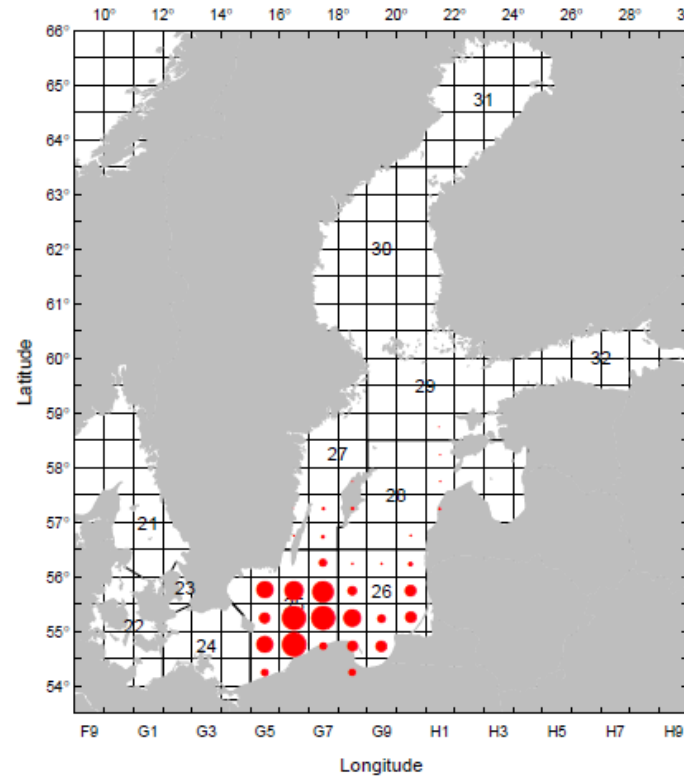
Eastern Baltic cod currently distressed by multiple factors



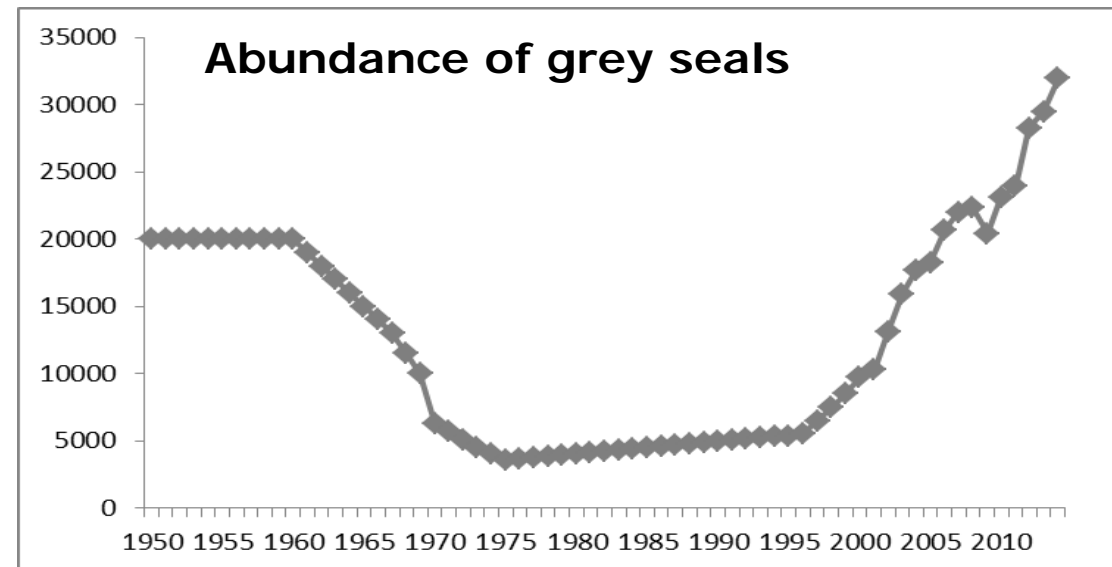
Hypoxia - negative impacts through several processes



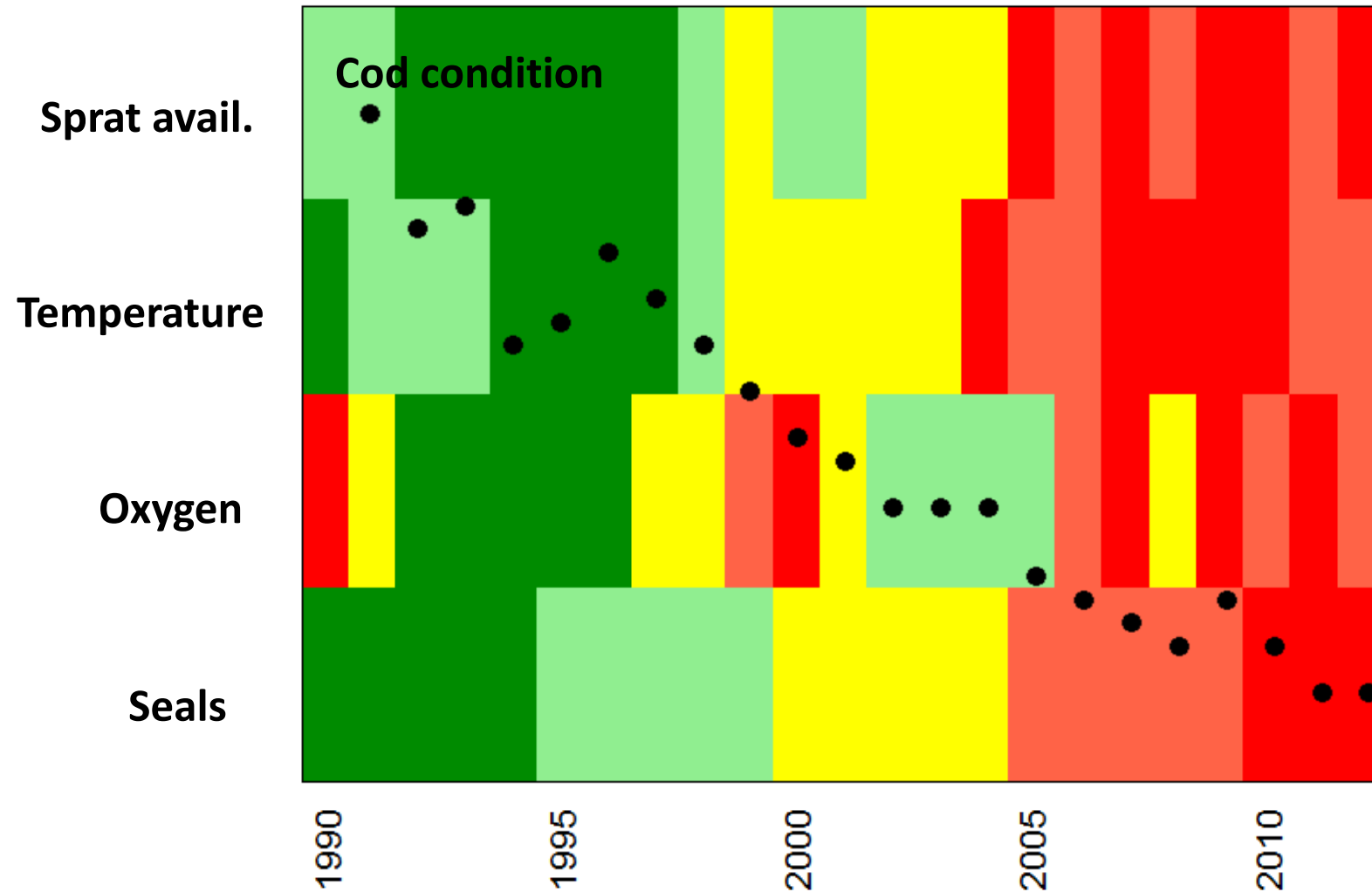
Spatial distribution of species affects prey availability



Grey seals eat cod and give them parasites



Simultaneous changes in multiple drivers



Process knowledge needed to:

- Predict future, considering reproductive success of the fish & ecological interactions
- Define management targets in a changing world
- Evaluate the effect of management measures

Summary of knowledge:

What do we have:

- Long-term institutional knowledge
- Long time series
- Undigitized data & unprocessed samples
- Process knowledge on various species & life stages
- Progress in observation technology & molecular biology
- Advanced modelling tools



What is needed:

- Empirical analyses
- Controlled laboratory experiments
- Appropriately scaled field experiments
- Process modelling
- Integration into mechanistic and analytical model environments

